

KAPUCINO

Kabar Seputar Cerita Inspiratif SCOPI



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SCOPI ACTIVITIES IN OCTOBER - NOVEMBER 2020

Collaboration of Stakeholders in the Coffee Sector Promoting Sustainable Coffee Ecosystem in the New Normal Era

A Virtual Discussions at National Sustainable **Coffee Stakeholders Meeting**

by Swiny Adestika

[4]

oinciding with the National Farmers Day, 24 September 2020, the Sustainable Coffee Platform of Indonesia (SCOPI) held a virtual National Sustainable Coffee Stakeholders Meeting 2020. The discussion that was attended by 135 participants from SCOPI members, donors. Government partners and SCOPI Master Trainers (MT) aimed to emphasize on strengthening Human Resources (HR) in coffee farming with MTs, identifying challenges in the upstream and downstream of coffee sector and identify possible collaborations to encourage a sustainable coffee ecosystem, especially during the new normal era.

[10] "First of all, I want to wish you a happy National Farmers Day 2020. In carrying out its programs and functions, SCOPI is supported by MTs who assist and teach Good Agricultural Practices (GAP) to approximately 23,000 coffee farmers in various regions. SCOPI prioritizes to strengthen MTs who are at the forefront for coffee farmers training and mentoring. Through this meeting, SCOPI invites members, partners and stakeholders in the Indonesian coffee sector to exchange aspirations with MT, to identify problems and formulate possible collaborations," said Irvan Helmi, Chairman of SCOPI Board.



Greetings, #CoffeeWarrior!

Without realizing it, we are already entering the end of 2020. During this full-of-challenges year, SCOPI never seized to adapt to implement its various activities and programs, as well as to push forward the spirit of collaboration by involving its members, partners and #CoffeeWarriors in Indonesia and other countries.

One of the activities was the National Sustainable Coffee Stakeholders Meeting 2020, which had been held virtually on 24 September 2020, which remarked the National Agriculture Day 2020. More details are presented in the KAPUCINO Highlight section.

SCOPI members and partners also had the initiative to distribute various information and positive spirit to support #sustainablecoffee in Indonesia, which can be learned from in this edition. One of the initiatives include the joint-webinar between SCOPI, IDH, Enveritas, PT Indo Cafco and ID Comm held on 13 August 2020. which the topic entitled "Middlemen Roles in Sustainable Coffee Business Outlook" Furthermore, in relation to the International Coffee Day 2020, SCOPI together with its members, partners and coffee farmers have initiated the Coffee Collaborative Action to express gratitude and appreciation to the medical workers who have been fighting in the forefront during the COVID-19 pandemic. Also presented in this edition, inspirational stories from our Grand Master Trainer, Master Trainer and assisted coffee

Last but not least, quoting Jim Highsmith, "Agility is the ability to adapt and respond to change.. agile organizations view change as an opportunity, not a threat." Thus, let's pursue to maintain good spirit and persistently delivering our best to envision #sustainablecoffee in Indonesia.

Warm regards,

Paramita Mentari Kesuma

KAPUCINO TEAM









Layouter

Writer



Photo credit: SCOPI

Deputy of Coordination of Food and Agribusiness, Ministry of Coordinating for Economic Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia, Dr. Ir. Musdhalifah Machmud, MT said during her speech as keynote speaker, that coffee is one of the leading plantation commodities, a source of Indonesia's foreign exchange, which is important to maintain and is a priority commodity for the Government until 2035. Supports and programs from Indonesian Government are implemented to urge both upstream and downstream coffee sectors.

"The Government supports labor-intensive programs, especially for Small and Medium Enterprises, with a target to keep demand from decreasing. One form that being encouraged is the development of farmer corporations according to the characteristics of their commodities. For coffee, many best practices have been carried out because the trend in coffee business is rapidly rotating, which indicates that coffee economy in Indonesia is very potential. It is also necessary for Regional Government to boost its economy, especially in the coffee sector. We surely appreciate SCOPI's efforts to develop human resources, especially coffee farmers, with a commitment to develop collaboration from all parties, to create sustainable coffee in Indonesia that can support the improvement of Indonesian economy and the people," she explained.

In capturing the aspirations, challenges and potential collaborations to develop Indonesian coffee sector, this meeting facilitated the discussions into three groups based on coffee production areas, namely the West Area Group for coffee production areas in Aceh, North Sumatra, Jambi. Bengkulu and South Sumatra. Then the Central Area Group for coffee production areas in Lampung, West Java, Central Java and East Java. Furthermore, the East Area Group for coffee production areas in Bali, West Nusa Tenggara, East Nusa Tenggara, South Sulawesi and Papua.



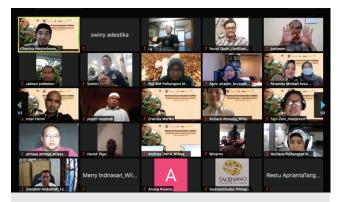


Photo credit: SCOPI

The discussion per region, which lasted for about 60 minutes, resulted in identification of challenges and formulations of collective actions that were divided into three categories related to sustainability aspects. From an ecological point of view, the challenges raised were to increase productivity with a target of 1.5 direct training as well as work challenges for tonnes / ha; to improve quality of coffee products that mainly related to the enforcement of the residue of insecticide (chlorpyrifos), glyphosate & others in coffee plantations which was also related to the permit on using biological agents as alternative materials in pests and diseases control in the European market; the challenges of climate change impact on coffee plants; the challenges in the location of coffee plantations that penetrate into protected forest areas; and the challenges of traceability. "The proposed collaborations put forward to the challenges of ecological aspects were include strengthening education of Good Agricultural Practices (GAP) through demonstration plot; education on the use of environmentally-friendly pests and diseases controlling alternatives and its licensing; education of agroforestry in the social forestry areas; adaptation and mitigation of climate change through improving technology and clones of coffee plants that are resistant to climate change; as well as education on the intercropping method as an alternative source of income for farmers during the new normal era," said Chandra Panjiwibowo, Member of the SCOPI Board who moderated the meeting.

In addition to the ecological side, the discussion also pointed out challenges and aspirations for collaborative actions from an economic side. The challenges on economic side were the

challenge of decreasing the selling price of coffee in several locations in Indonesia during the pandemic, the challenge of un-linked supply chains, lack of access to finance for farmers and farmer cooperatives as well as the challenge of Indonesia coffee certification for the European market. The proposed collaborative action include strengthening program synergies between parties & bridging the un-linked coffee supply chains that align with SCOPI's function as Convener, facilitating access to finance for coffee farmers and cooperatives, educating intercropping methods to increase farmer income and facilitation on coffee certification.

The social side was also discussed in the group discussions that addressed challenges such as strengthening human resources through regeneration and increasing professionalism of coffee farmers, challenges during the pandemic for individual coffee farmers. The proposed collaborations include facilitating a joint youth program to encourage farmer regeneration as well as a collaborative program between coffee farmers.

"SCOPI as a platform captures the aspirations of various coffee sector stakeholders. We believe that if coffee can no longer be seen as a single plantation sector, but as a comprehensive ecosystem. For this reason, today's meeting is one of the follow-ups to identify and further clarify the various challenges, constraints and opportunities in coffee farming as well as the development of human resources in the coffee sector in each SCOPI working area, which was conveyed by our Master Trainers partners. We aim to encourage concrete collaborative action plans that can be carried out at both at regional level as well as collectively at the national level, according to their respective roles, to encourage sustainable coffee in Indonesia," SCOPI Executive Director, Paramita Mentari Kesuma, concluded.



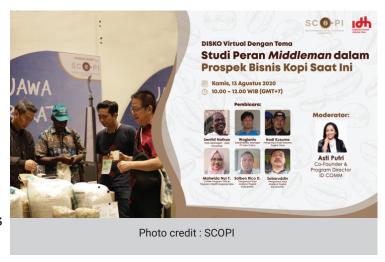
SCOPI Members Initiatives

The Strategic Role of Collectors in Coffee Supply Chain Need to Maximize

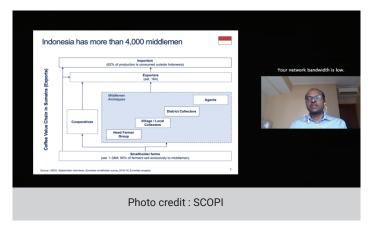
Coffee Discussions (DISKO): Collectors' Role in Sustainable Coffee Business Prospects

by Swiny Adestika

Collectors everywhere do their part to buy and sell coffee. The concept of sustainability is a new concept for collectors, so we as stakeholders in the coffee sector need to introduce this concept to collectors so that they can contribute to its implementation," said Senthil Nathan, Asia Region Operational Leader, as one of the closing statements in the Coffee Discussion (DISKO) with the topic of Collectors' Role in Sustainable Coffee Business Prospects (13/8).



The discussion, which intended to disseminate the results of a study on the Role of Collectors in the Coffee Supply Chain conducted by SCOPI members, IDH Foundation and Enveritas, was attended by 130 participants from members, donors, Master Trainers (MT), partners and public. Apart from Senthil Nathan, other speakers were presented, such as Mahwida Nur F as the Coffee Program Officer of the IDH, Wagianto as Sustainability Manager of PT. Indo Cafco as well as Hadi Kusuma, Satben Rico D. and Sabarrudin as collectors at village level, sub-district level and district level, in North Sumatra and South Sumatra.



The study on the role of collectors in the coffee supply chain was carried out in 4 countries, which were for Arabica and Robusta coffee in Sumatra, Indonesia, for Robusta coffee in the Masaka Area of Uganda, for Arabica coffee in Antiquia and Huila Colombia and for Robusta coffee in the highlands of Central Vietnam, in October 2019 - January 2020. Through phone interviews with more than 170 collectors in the country, it is known that collectors are main coffee buyers from smallholders in the 4 countries. This study also highlighted that in

these 4 countries, collectors provide several different services such as capital loan services, access to agricultural inputs, training and others.

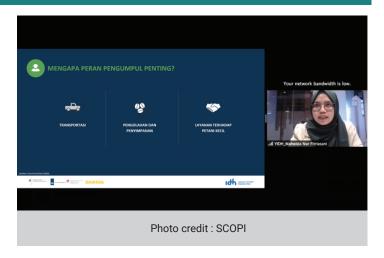
According to Mahwida, collectors in Indonesia have varied roles, which are as transporter from farmers to consumers, processing role to add value to coffee, providing warehouse storage and providing agricultural assistance. "Collectors who have direct access to farmers usually provide trainings. The study results show that 17% of collectors at the village level and 19% of collectors at the district level who have direct access to farmers provide training assistance to coffee farmers," she said.

The collector's involvement in promoting sustainability in coffee sector was carried out by SCOPI member, PT Indo Cafco. Wagianto explained that Indo Cafco is partnering with the IDH Foundation



to create a Service Delivery Model (SDM) that involves collectors as partners. According to Wagianto, another challenge for collectors in the coffee supply chain is the need for regeneration. "Some of our activity is conducting discussion of coffee supply chain with students, and they are very interested. We also invited researchers from France as a collaborative step to attract youths to participate in the coffee supply chain," he explained.

The aspirations from collectors at the village, sub-district and district levels in North Sumatra and South Sumatra added to the excitement of



this coffee discussion. Hadi Kusuma from Semendo District, Muara Enim, South Sumatra said that the challenges on the process of buying and selling coffee are the difficulty of phone signals to communicate in some areas, limited capital resources to buy coffee from farmers during harvest season, and limited transportation as the coffee plantations are mainly located in the highlands. "In Semendo, 80% of the people's livelihood are as coffee farmers. That's what makes us stand with the situation. We also hope for collaboration between the government and the private sector to jointly provide solutions to the obstacles we face," he said.



"I feel like I have a responsibility to sell the farmers' crops. Therefore more supports are needed. In addition, complaints from farmers such as difficulties in conducting post-harvest seeding and processing need to be supported and conveyed to relevant stakeholders in order to create sustainable coffee farming," said Sabbarudin from Kuntu Village, Simalungun Regency, North Sumatra, who has served as collectors for 13 years.

Meanwhile, according to Satben Rico Damanik, a collector in Simalungun Regency, North Sumatra,

obstacle that needs attention is the decline in coffee production in Simalungun District and the coffee results he got did not match the expectations as well as investments that have been made. "As collectors, we can support farmers to get access of agri-inputs such as fertilizers and seedlings".

Increasing coffee productivity should be the main focus, because almost 96% of coffee plantations are smallholder plantations and this means that coffee is the biggest income for coffee farmers. In 2005-2010, Simalungun District was one of the highest coffee contributors in North Sumatra. Unfortunately, in current situation, Simalungun has less production with low quality coffee," he said.

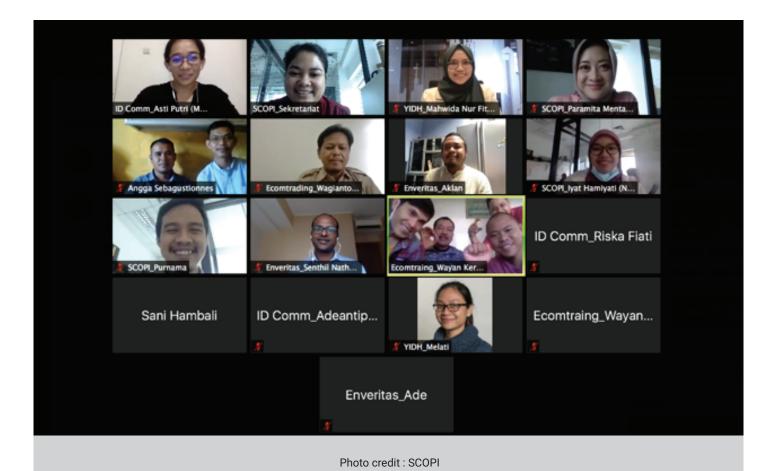








Indonesia, collectors are not only involved in buying and selling coffee with farmers, but collectors also provide other support to farmers such as access to agri-inputs, financial access and so on. If there is effective and adaptive collaboration between collectors, coffee farmers & other actors in the coffee supply chain, especially in the current pandemic situation, it is hoped that it can maintain the stability of the Indonesian coffee market & encourage a sustainable coffee business ecosystem. For this reason, SCOPI is interested in studying and applying the results of study on collectors to improve the supply chain of Indonesian coffee," said Paramita Mentari Kesuma, Executive Director of SCOPI.







































SCOPI Members Initiative

2,500 Coffee Packs Shared to Health Workers Through the #KopiKolaborasi

Action of Coffee Activators in the Essence of World Coffee Day

by Swiny Adestika

Good morning. We hope everyone is in good health. Thank you for this support to health workers, especially those on duty at Wisma Atlet," said Mayor Sugiran as the representative of Wisma Atlet Emergency Hospital, Jakarta when receiving a visit from representatives of SCOPI and the KEHATI Foundation (01/10) with his friendly smile.

That morning, around 2,500 coffee packs of various sizes with 14 variants of origin were delivered to Wisma Atlet Jakarta, as a form of social action called #KopiKolaborasi (Coffee Collaboration), initiated by SCOPI and our member, KEHATI Foundation and received support from many other coffee activators such as the KEHATI Foundation's TFCA Sumatra Program, Anomali Coffee, PT. ABCD Kopi Indonesia, My Kopi O!, Rikolto, WE Coffee, PT. Mayora Indah, Tbk, and Kemitraan Foundation.

The richness of variants of Indonesian coffee, such as Flores Colol Arabica, Java Cikuray Arabica, Toraja Mialo Arabica, Aceh Gayo Arabica, Sumatra Dolok Arabica, Malabar Pangalengan Arabica, Toraja Sapan Arabica, Toraja Sesean Arabica, Yellow Catura, Manggarai Arabica, Robusta Manggarai, Kerinci Arabica, Mandailing Arabica, and Robusta Tanggamus Lampung, were presented as a support to health workers as the frontline during COVID-19 pandemic.

"At Wisma Atlet, there are more than 2,700 health workers and volunteers who have been here since March 2020. Usually we split it into 2 shifts. So we really appreciate all the supports given. Certainly it brings more positives for us to do our job here," said Mayor Sumari.



The #KopiKolaborasi social action is a manifestation of the concern of coffee farmers, entrepreneurs, and coffee enthusiast in Indonesia for health fighters in curing COVID-29 patients. "SCOPI together with our members, partners & assisted coffee farmers initiated the Collaborative Coffee Action as a form of gratitude and appreciation to health workers who are always prepared to fight during the COVID-19 pandemic. We present the diversity of Indonesian coffee that is obtained directly from coffee farmers in various regions. International Coffee Day is a very good momentum to make this collaboration happen," said SCOPI Executive Director, Paramita Mentari Kesuma.

In addition, this activity is also an opportunity to provide education about the diversity of coffee in Indonesia. "Through the many coffee variants provided, we want to show two real messages. First is the manifestation of a lot of support for health fighters at Wisma Atlet. Second, as a form of education on World Coffee Day that Indonesia has so many coffee varieties with high quality," said the Executive Director of the KEHATI Foundation, Riki Frindos.

Based on the pdki-indonesia.dgip.go.id page, there are 30 Geographical Indications (GI) of Indonesian coffee with registered status, which indicate the wealth of coffee from various origins. The location of the coffee plantations, the varieties planted and the various coffee processing techniques make each origin of coffee unique in taste and aroma.

According to Director Program of TFCA-Sumatera, Samedi, coffee can be an entry point to solve the problem of non-procedural use of forest areas, especially on the border with conservation areas such as national parks that occur in many areas. Samedi hopes that coffee will become an opportunity to improve community welfare as well as become a fortress for conservation by increasing the professionalism of farmers about coffee production and business outside the conservation area.

Support and Appreciation from the Collaborators

Support and appreciation for health workers at Wisma Atlet Jakarta were also conveyed by collaborators. Coffee and Payment for Ecosystem Services Manager of Rikolto, Kiki Purbosari said that by directly serving the best coffee in the archipelago, it is hoped that the collaboration of Indonesian coffee activists can provide encouragement for health workers.

Anomali Coffee, through its Head of Sales and Marketing, Ryo Saputra Limijaya, also expressed his appreciation to medical staff. "We pray for all my friends to be given strength, health and protection from God Almighty," he said.

Appreciation was also conveyed by My Kopi-O! Group to health workers who are on standby and fighting during the pandemic. "Through the collaborative coffee action, My Kopi-O! Group hopes to encourage health workers through the best local Indonesian coffee from My Kopi-O!," said Managing Director of My Kopi O!, Darma Santoso.



WE Coffee Founder, Wiliam Edison said that health workers are the inspiration to continue to provide the best coffee. "The coffee aroma can provide energy even when it's not tasted. To the medics / heroes on the front lines, thank you for your hard work and dedication in caring for



COVID-19 patients. It's like a cup of coffee, although black and bitter, it gives a lot of inspiration," he said.

Finally, Founder of PT. ABCD Kopi Indonesia Hendri Kurniawan stated that #KopiKolaborasi action is only a small thing when compared to the works and sacrifices of health workers.



Juniawan:
Grand Master Trainer Profile

Grand Master Trainers Must

Have Visionary Thinking

SCOPI Grand Master Trainer from Ketindan Agricultural Training Center, Malang

by Iyat Hamiyati & Swiny Adestika

"The challenge of becoming a Grand Master Trainer (GMT) is to have visionary thinking, of the future of coffee. In the future coffee will be increasingly consumed which in line with life dynamics, so that GMT is required to increase productivity, quality and continuity. With the increase in coffee consumers, we should not let our coffee production decrease," said Juniawan, GMT of SCOPI who is also a lecturer at the Ketindan Agricultural Training Center, Malang.

The wise gentleman, who familiarly called by Pak Jun (56 years old) has been active as trainer at field school for integrated pest control in plantations (cashew, coffee and cocoa), before becoming GMT of SCOPI. Then he became a lecturer in the field of plant protection and was involved in the curriculum compilation team for the field of coffee plant protection. Pak Jun's involvement in coffee started from the beginning of his career in 1983 as an employee at the Plantation Office of West Nusa Tenggara Province, as an observer of pests in the coffee, cocoa, coconut, cotton, and cloves plantations sector. "In 1988 I was transferred to the protection brigade for pest and disease control, still in the same institution. Only in 1993, I continued my undergraduate studies at Malang Plantation College," he said.

Eleven years later in 2004, Pak Juniawan continued his master study at Mataram University, majored in plant protection. "When I was studying my master's degree, I found a formula for a banana medicine that was patented in 2012," said Pak Jun. In 2011, he continued his doctoral studies at Brawijaya University with a concentration in the field of plant protection. The research conducted was about the use of clove vegetable pesticides to control stem rot in banana plants.

Pak Jun was involved in the preparation of the National Sustainability Curriculum (NSC) of Robusta and Arabica coffee, which became his starting point as SCOPI GMT. "Of course being GMT is a pride for me. I feel more of the good sides than the bad sides. I am happy to be able to share knowledge with Master Trainers (MT) and to be able to meet many coffee activists from all over Indonesia," he explained.



Pak Jun admitted that face-to-face training is more effective than online training. Thus it's more challenging during the COVID-19 pandemic to conduct trainings. "Indeed, there are many challenges during the pandemic. I advise MTs to stay healthy during the pandemic and continue to increase their capacity and expand networks in Indonesian coffee sector," he continued. The hope is that coffee in Indonesia can increase both in productivity and quality of coffee, guarantee safety for coffee consumers from pesticides misused, and continue to educate coffee consumers so that coffee does not interfere with health.

According to Pak Jun, SCOPI activities such as the MT National Meeting and various trainings need to be continued. "Hopefully SCOPI can continue to assist coffee farmers when they experience a decline in production and prices. I think SCOPI can also act as an advocator for coffee actors to reassure coffee sustainability," he concluded.



Master Trainer Profile

Yansen:

The Challenge During the Pandemic is Access to the Market

Young Master Trainers for Arabica Coffee from Ngada District, East Nusa Tenggara

by Iyat Hamiyati & Swiny Adestika

Yohanes Arnoldus Yansen Kesu Dhone or familiarly called Yansen admits that it is harder to assist farmers during the pandemic. "The challenge during a pandemic is access to markets. Regular coffee buyers have stopped because their cafe is also closed. The price range for Bajawa coffee itself is between IDR 50,000/kg for coffee cherries, IDR 50,000-55,000/kg for grain, and IDR 70,000-75,000/kg for green beans. Another challenge is the change of harvest season in Bajawa. Usually the harvest is in late May - October, but this year it is at the end of June - October. Farmers find it difficult to predict when to harvest and get income from their coffee plantations," he explained.

Limited training during the pandemic did not reduce Yansen's enthusiasm for assisting farmers. "Farmers in Bajawa are quite familiar with harvest and post-harvest activities. Farmers also understand quite well about Good Agricultural Practices (GAP) because they see it from their neighbors' gardens that have implemented GAP," said Yansen. According to him, other materials that are needed by farmers in Bajawa are strengthening farmer groups and business management in the coffee sector.

Yansen is one of the young Master Trainers (MT) who joined since 2017, from the recommendation of a member of SCOPI, Rikolto, who is partnering with the Arabica Bajawa Secondary Cooperative where Yansen works. According to Yansen, being a young MT has its own challenges when providing assistance to farmers who are far older than him. Yansen stated that the role of youth is very much needed in coffee farming, particularly in Bajawa and in Indonesia in general. Therefore, in 2019, Yansen participated in mentoring and training activities for youth to invite them to visit coffee plantations and to develop their own hometown (Bajawa). His efforts paid off with the opening of a special class to provide training and mentoring to youth in his area.

"So far, we have provided assistance and training to 1,080 Arabica coffee farmers spread in Golewa, West Golewa and Bajwa Districts," he explained. Yansen's expertises are in GAP, harvest and post-harvest topics. Meanwhile, other materials that he wants to master are climate change mitigation and adaptation as well as integrated coffee farming with livestock.



Bajawa's potential geographic location has attracted the Ministry of Tourism and Creative Economy to develop the area into a coffee tourism location. Yansen did not waste this opportunity. Together with 16 other youths from the Manggarai Raya and Ngada regions, Yansen was selected as a participant in a barista training activity initiated by the Ministry of Tourism and Creative Economy and MPIG.

As an MT, of course there are many challenges in carrying out its duties, one of which is the synergy between local Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) and the government, which do not yet have the same perception. "In my opinion, one of the efforts to create sustainable Indonesian coffee is to further educate farmers on how this coffee can become a commodity that can revive farmers. Make farmers wealthy in their own goods and don't take away the rights of farmers by deceiving farmers," he concluded.

Profile of Female Coffee Farmers Inda Robbihi: Young people with a passion for learning can improve the farmers quality of life

A young female coffee farmer from West Lampung District by Swiny Adestika



The young age with a Bachelor of Physics education did not discourage Inda Robbihi in helping her parents to manage a coffee plantation in Tribudi Syukur Village, West Lampung District. "When I graduated from college my father told me about the coffee situation at that time, which was sold very low-priced because of its low quality. My father wanted the quality of our coffee to be even better so that it could reach a high price. My father asked me to help him, so in 2018 coffee harvest season, we started to implement red-picked coffee. Alhamdulillah, the price was better and we can enjoy good and healthy coffee," she said.

The Robusta coffee plantation owned by Inda's family is located at an altitude of 850 meters above sea level covering an area of 3.5 hectares. The Robusta coffee harvest period in her area is in place from June to September, using the red picking method. During June - August 2020, the total harvest of fine Robusta green beans reached 1,537.5 kg and the local Robusta reached 638 kg.

Inda stated that the sales of fine Robusta green beans and coffee in 2020 are much better than 2019. The price is higher and people are more familiar with coffee from her village in West Lampung. "Now coffee is good. Lately, coffee entrepreneurs have increased a lot and drinking coffee has become a trend among the community. Farmers are starting to realize how to improve quality. But if it is judged based on price or payments, we as farmers are still at the bottom when compared to other business players in the coffee sector such as collectors, roasters, baristas etc. I think farmers have to fight again to get the maximum coffee price," she explained.

According to Inda, the challenge of being a young coffee farmer is the lack of experience in gardening and having to learn unique and quite complex post-harvest management. "Because of the uniqueness of this coffee plantation management, it is very exciting for me. I really hope to change the image of the farmer himself. People consider being a farmer as a last resort. Not cool, small income and no need to have an educational background. Even though in my opinion we as young people with a passion for learning, especially if coupled with appropriate education we can improve



the quality of farmers' life. Because in fact the farmer profession is similar with "salesman", we calculate our capital and profit from gardening, we sell our agricultural products by calculation and especially in

this digital era, farmers can expand our market through

the digital marketing," she said excitedly.

In her family's coffee plantation, the coffee plants have trees shades, which are the forest-wood trees (*gleresidae*). The leaves from the shade trees are used as animal feed and organic fertilizer, as well as used as stands for pepper plants, to create additional income while waiting for the coffee to be harvested. Accompanied by the SCOPI Master Trainer (MT), Mr. Ruspendi, Inda gained knowledge of coffee farming and good post-harvest management and her coffee products were included in various domestic and international exhibitions

"The challenge that I feel right no is that I still have the struggle to increase coffee prices and find more markets for red-picked Robusta coffee. I am very happy with SCOPI as a platform in the coffee sector, which really helps me in increasing my knowledge and experience. Through exhibitions I can introduce my coffee and through trainings I can get knowledge to develop myself, " she continued.

Inda and her family hope that Robusta coffee in Indonesia will continue to grow and have many consumers so that it will encourage them to improve their Robusta coffee quality in their plantation. She also hopes that the government can pay attention to coffee farmers and fight for the price and market for fine, red-picked Robusta coffee.

